

# Medicines In My Home



Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration

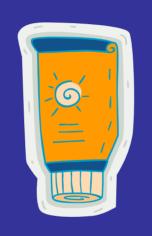
# Medicines are Drugs

## A medicine or drug...

- changes how your body works, or
- treats or prevents a disease or symptom

# Who Has Used an Over-the-Counter Medicine This Week?







What are some reasons for using an OTC medicine?



### Prescription and Over-the-Counter Medicines

How are they different?

How are they the same?

### Prescription and Over-the-Counter Medicines

How are they different? How are they the same?

### **Prescription**

- 1. Ordered by a doctor
- 2. Bought at a pharmacy
- 3. Ordered for and used by only one person

## Both types of medicine:

- Directions must be followed carefully and correctly
- Children should use only with permission of a parent or guardian
- A pharmacist can answer questions

### **Over-the-Counter**

- 1. Can buy without a doctor's order
- Bought off the shelf in store aisles
- 3. May be used by more than one person for the same symptom or problem



How do you decide which medicine is the right one for you?

Read the Drug Facts Label

### Active Ingredients And what they do

# Drug Facts Label

### Drug Facts

### Active ingredients

(In each 5 ml teaspoonful)

Purposes
.....Pain reliever/

sore throat

Phenylephrine HCI 5mg.......Nasal decongestant "nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug

#### Uses temporarily relieves

- nasal and sinus congestion
- stuffy nose
   head ache
- minor body aches and pains
- and pains fever

### Warnings

Allergy alert: Ibuprofen may cause a severe allergic reaction, especially in people allergic to aspirin. Symptoms may include:

- ives a facial swelling
- asthma (wheezing)
   shock
- skin reddening
   rash
   blisters
   Sore throat warning:
   Severe or persistent sore throat accompanied by high fever, headache, nausea, and vomiting may be serious.
   Consult

doctor promptly. Do not use more than 2 days or administer to children under 3 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

#### Do not use

- If the child has ever had an allergic reaction to any other pain reliever/fever reducer and/or nasal decongestant
- right before or after heart surgery
- In a child who is taking a prescription monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI), certain drugs for depression, psychiatric or emotional conditions, or Parkinson's disease, or for 2 weeks after stopping the MAOI drug. If you do not know if your child's prescription drug contains an MAOI, ask a doctor or pharmacist before giving this product.

#### Ask a doctor before use if the child has

- problems or serious side effects from taking pain relievers, fever reducers, or nasal decongestants
- stomach problems that last or come back, such as heartburn, upset stomach, or stomach pain
- ulcer
- bleeding problems
- not been drinking fluids
- lost a lot of fluid due to vomiting or diarrhea
- high blood pressure
- heart or kidney disease
- taken a diuretic

### Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if the child is

- taking any other drug containing an NSAID (prescription or nonprescription)
- taking a blood thinning (anticoagulant) or steroid drug
- under a doctor's care for any continuing medical condition
- taking any other drug

### Drug Facts (continued)

### When using this product

- take with food or milk if stomach upset occurs
- long term continuous use may increase the risk of heart attack or stroke

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- an allergic reaction occurs. Seek medical help right away.
- the child does not get any relief during the first day (24 hours) of treatment
- fever, pain, or nasal congestion gets worse or lasts for more than 3 days
- stomach pain or upset gets worse or lasts
- symptoms continue or get worse
- redness or swelling is present in the painful area
- the child gets nervous, dizzy, or sleepless
- any new symptoms appear

Keep out of reach of children. In case of overdose, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away.

#### Directions

- this product does not contain directions or complete warnings for adult use
- do not give more than directed
- do not give longer than 10 days, unless directed by a doctor (see Warnings)
- shake well before using
- find right dose on chart below. If possible use weight to dose; otherwise use age.
- use only with enclosed measuring cup
- If needed, repeat dose every 6 hours
- do not use more than 4 times a day
- replace original bottle cap to maintain child resistance
- wash dosage cup after each use Dosing Chart

Weight (lb)	Age (yrs)	Dose
		(teaspoonful)
under 24	under 2	ask a doctor
24-47	2 to 5	1 tsp
48-95	6 to 11	2 tsp

### Other information

- do not use if printed neckband is broken or missing
- store at 15-30°C (59-86°F)
- see bottom of box for lot number and expiration date

Inactive ingredients acesulfame potassium, citric acid, corn syrup, D&C red #33, FDA&C blue #1, FD&C red #40, flavors, glycerin, hypromeliose, polysorbate 80, purified water, sodium benzoate, xanthan gum

Questions? 1-800-123-4567 http://ChildrensFeelBetter.com

# Active Ingredients: The parts of the medicine that make it work.

What does Drug Facts tell us about each active ingredient ???

- Its name
- How much is in each pill or teaspoon (5 mL)
- What it does (its purpose or job)
- The problems it treats (its uses)

## What does this medicine treat?



Phenylephrine HCL▶ Nasal decongestant

Relieves: Fever. Sore Throat Stuffy Nose Grape Flavor



### Drug Facts

### Active inaredients

### Purposes

(in each 5 ml teaspoonful) lbuprofen 100 mg (NSAID)\*......Pain reliever/

fever reducer

Phenylephrine HCI 5mg.....Nasal decongestant \*nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug

### **Uses** temporarily relieves

- nasal and sinus congestion
- stuffy nose head ache
- sore throat
- minor body aches and pains
- fever

### Warnings

Allergy alert: Ibuproren may cause a severe allergic reaction, especially in people allergic to aspirin. Symptoms may include:

hives

- facial swelling
- asthma (wheezing)
- shock
- rash blisters

 skin reddenina Sore throat warning: Severe or persistent sore throat accompanied by high fever, headache. nausea, and vomiting may be serious. Consult doctor promptly. Do not use more than 2 days or administer to children under 3 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

### Do not use

- if the child has ever had an allergic reaction to any other pain reliever/fever reducer and/or nasal decongestant
- right before or after heart surgery
- in a child who is taking a prescription monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI), certain drugs for depression, psychiatric or emotional conditions, or Parkinson's disease, or for 2 weeks after stopping the MAOI drug. If you do not know if your child's prescription drug contains an MAOI, ask a doctor or pharmacist before giving this product.





## Keisha

- Keisha stayed home from school today because she is sick.
- She has a stuffy nose, sore throat, and aches all over.
- Mom gives her some Get Better cold and fever medicine before leaving for work.
- Two hours later, Keisha gets one of her really bad headaches. She wants to take her usual headache medicine to make it go away.



### Grape Flavor

# Get Better Cold and Fever Suspension

Relieves:

Fever

Stuffy Nose

Minor aches and pains

Acetaminophen ► Pain reliever/ Fever reducer

Phenylephrine HCL▶

Nasal decongestant

### Drug Facts

### Active ingredients

ients Purposes

(in each 5 mL teaspoonful) Acetaminophen 500 mg ...

..Pain reliever/ fever reducer

Phenylephrine HCl 5 mg......Nasal decongestant

### Uses temporarily relieves

- nasal and sinus congestion stuffy nose
- headache sore throat
- minor aches and pains
   fever



### Drug Facts

Active ingredients

(in each capsule) Acetaminophen 500 mg Purposes

Pain reliever/ fever reducer

Uses temporarily relieves

- headache
- sore throat
- minor aches and pains
   fever

# Can Keisha take these medicines together?



### Drug Facts

### Active ingredients

Purposes

(In each 5 ml teaspoonful) ibuprofen 100 mg (NSAID)"...

Pain reliever/ fever reducer

Phenylephrine HCI 5mg......Nasal decongestant 'nonsteroidal anti-Inflammatory drug

### Uses temporarily relieves

- nasal and sinus congestion
- stuffy nose
   head ache
- sore throat

### Warnings

Allergy alert: Ibuprofen may cause a severe allergic reaction, especially in people allergic to aspirin. Symptoms may include:

- hlves
- facial swelling
- asthma (wheezing)
- shock
- rash

 skin reddening Sore throat warning: Severe or persistent sore throat accompanied by high fever, headache, nausea, and vomiting may be serious. Consult doctor promptly. Do not use more than 2 days or administer to children under 3 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

#### Do not use

- If the child has ever had an allergic reaction to any other pain reliever/fever reducer and/ decongestant
- right before or after heart sur
- In a child who is taking a oxidase inhibitor (M depression, psychia Parkinson's disease. the MAOI drug. If you prescription drug conta or pharmacist before giv

#### Ask a doctor before us

- problems or serious side er a from taking pain rellevers, fever reducers, or nasal decongestants
- stomach problems that last or come back, such as heartburn, upset stomach, or stomach pain
- ulcers
- bleeding problems
- not been drinking fluids
- lost a lot of fluid due to vomiting or diarrhea
- high blood pressure
- heart or kidney disease
- taken a diuretic

### Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if the

- taking any other drug containing an NSAID (prescription or nonprescription)
- taking a blood thinning (anticoagulant) or steroid
- under a doctor's care for any continuing medical condition
- taking any other drug

### Drug Facts (continued)

### When using this product

- take with food or milk if stomach upset occurs
- long term continuous use may increase the risk of heart attack or stroke

### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- an aliergic reaction occurs. Seek medical help right away.
- the child does not get any relief during the first day (24 hours) of treatment
- fever, pain, or nasal congestion gets worse or lasts for more than 3 days
- stomach pain or upset gets worse or lasts
- symptoms continue or get worse
- redness or swelling is present in the painful area
- the child gets nervous, dizzy, or sleepless
- any new symptoms appear

Keep out of reach of children. In case of overdose, get medical help or contact a Polson Control Center right away

#### Directions

directions or

iless directed

If possible use vise use age.

nclosed measuring cup

, repeat dose every 6 hours not use more than 4 times a day

- replace original bottle cap to maintain child resistance
- wash dosage cup after each use Dosing Chart

Weight (lb)	Age (yrs)	Dose (teaspoonful)
under 24	under 2	ask a doctor
24-47	2 to 5	1 tsp
48-95	6 to 11	2 tsp

#### Other information

- do not use if printed neckband is broken or
- store at 15-30°C (59-86°F)
- see bottom of box for lot number and expiration

Inactive ingredients acesulfame potassium. citric acid, corn syrup, D&C red #33, FDA&C blue #1, FD&C red #40, flavors, glycerin, hypromeliose, polysorbate 80, purified water, sodium benzoate, xanthan gum

Questions? 1-800-123-4567 nttp://ChildrensFeelBetter.com

# Warnings



### The warnings section tells you:

- When you should not use the medicine at all
- When you should talk to your doctor first
- How the medicine might make you feel
- When you should stop using the medicine
- Things you should not do while taking the medicine.





# Allergy Alert

When your body has an allergic reaction, you may have

- Itching

- Swelling

- Rash

- Fainting

- Hives

- Trouble breathing

- If you think you are allergic to a medicine, do not use it.
- If you think that you or someone else is having an allergic reaction,
  - tell an adult right away.
  - If you or someone else is having trouble breathing or if someone faints, call 911.

# Ask a doctor before use... Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use...



- When to ask a doctor, nurse, or pharmacist BEFORE using the medicine.
  - Some medical problems can make using a medicine less safe.
  - Some medicines should never be used together.



# When using this product...



Special information about using the medicine.

- Examples...
  - Take with food.
  - Take with liquids.
  - May cause drowsiness (sleepiness).

# Stop use and ask a doctor if...

Reasons to stop taking a medicine include:



- If you have an allergic reaction
- If you have new problems like stomach pain, throwing up, or dizziness
- If you are not feeling better after a certain number of days



# Keep out of reach of children



- Young children may think medicine tastes REALLY GOOD.
- Medicine is not candy and can harm them if they take too much.
- If someone you know takes too much medicine or the wrong medicine, tell an adult right away. Call the Poison Control Center for help.

# Anthony

- Anthony is 12 years old.
- He is the goalie for his middle school soccer team. Today they play for the county championship.
- Anthony has allergies, and today they are pretty bad. His nose is stuffy and runny and he can't stop sneezing.
- He really wants to feel better before the game. What can he do?

### **Chewable Tablets**

Grape Flavor

# Feel Better- Allergy Relief for kids and their grown-ups

Relieves: Sneezing, Runny nose Itchy, watery eyes

Chlorpheniramine ►
Antihistamine



Because allergies should not get in the way

4 FI Oz (120 mL)



### **Drug Facts**

### Active ingredient (in each tablet)

Purpose

. . . . . . . . . . Antihistamine

Uses temporarily relieves these symptoms due to hay fever or other upper respiratory allergies:

■ sneezing ■ runny nose ■ itchy, watery eyes ■ itchy throat

### Warnings

Ask a doctor before use if you have

- glaucoma a breathing problem such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis
- trouble urinating due to an enlarged prostate gland

Ask a decision sharmacist before use if you are taking tranquilizers or sedatives

### You may get drowsy.

avoid alcoholic drinks

- quilizers may increase drowsiness
- be common anying a motor vehicle or operating machinery
- excitability may occur, especially in children

If pregnant or breast-feeding, ask a health professional before use.

Keep out of reach of children. In case of overdose, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away.

### **Directions**

adults and children 12 years and over	take 2 tablets every 4 to 6 hours; not more than 12 tablets in 24 hours
children 6 years to under 12 years	take 1 tablet every 4 to 6 hours; not more than 6 tablets in 24 hours
children under 6 years	ask a doctor

Other information store at 20-25° C (68-77° F) ■ protect from excessive moisture

Inactive ingredients D&C yellow no. 10, lactose, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, pregelatinized starch



### **Chewable Tablets**

### Grape Flavor

### Feel Better

Allergy and Congestion Relief for kids and their grown-ups

Relieves: Sneezing, Stuffy nose Itchy, watery eyes



Because allergies should not get in the way

4 FI Oz (120 mL)



Phenylephrine HCL► Nasal decongestant



### Feel Better: Allergy and Congestion Relief

### Drug Facts

### Active ingredients (In each tablet)

Purposes

Loratadine 5 mg .....

Phenylephrine HCI 10 mg......Nasai decongestant

Uses temporarily relieves these symptoms due to hay fever or other upper respiratory allergies

- runny nose
   Itchy, watery eyes
- sneezing Itching of the nose or throat
- temporarily relieves nasal congestion due to the common cold, hay fever or other upper

#### respiratory allergies

- reduces swelling of the nasal passages
- temporarily relieves sinus congestion and

### Warnings

#### Do not use

- If you or the child has ever had an allergic reaction to this product or any of its ingredients and/or another nasal decondestant
- If you or the child is taking a prescription monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI), certain drugs for depression, psychiatric or emotional conditions, or Parkinson's disease, or for 2 weeks after stopping the MAOI drug. If you do not know If your child's prescription drug contains an MAOI. ask a doctor or pharmacist before giving this

### Ask a doctor before use if you or the child

- heart disease
   thyroid disease
- high blood pressure
   diabetes
- trouble urinating due to an enlarged prostate
- Ilver or kidney disease. Your doctor should determine if you need a different dose.

#### Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if the child is

- taking any other drug containing an NSAID (prescription or nonprescription)
- taking a blood thinning (anticoagulant) or steroid
- under a doctor's care for any continuing medical
- taking any other drug

### Taking more than directed may cause drowsiness

- right away.
- symptoms do not improve within 7 days or are accompanied by fever
- nervousness, dizziness, or sleeplessness occurs.

If pregnant or breastfeeding, ask a health care professional before use.

Keep out of reach of children. In case of overdose, get medical help or contact a Polson Control Center right away.

#### Directions

### Doelng Charf

Decing energ		
Age (yrs)	Dose (teaspoonful)	
under 2	ask a doctor	
2 to under 6	Chew one tablet dally, no	
	more than 1 tablet in 24 hours	
6 to adult	Chew 2 tablets daily, not more	
	than 2 tablets in 24 hours	

#### Other information

- safety sealed. Do not use if blister pack is broken or not labeled
- store at 20-25°C (68-77°F)

Inactive ingredients acesultame potassium. citric acid, corn syrup, D&C red #33, FDA&C blue #1, FD&C red #40, flavors, glycerin, hypromeliose, polysorbate 80, purified water, sodium benzoate. xanthan gum

Questions? 1-800-123-4567 http://ChildrensFeelBetter.com



### Drug Facts

### Active ingredients

(In each 5 ml teaspoonful)

Purposes

ibuprofen 100 mg (NSAID)"... .Pain reliever/ fever reducer

Phenylephrine HCI 5mg......Nasal decongestant "nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug

### Uses temporarily relieves

- nasal and sinus congestion
- stuffy nose
   head ache
- sore throat
- minor body aches and pains fever

### Warnings

Allergy alert: Ibuprofen may cause a severe allergic reaction, especially in people allergic to aspirin. Symptoms may include:

- hlves
- facial swelling
- asthma (wheezing)
- shock
- skin reddening

bilsters

rash Sore throat warning: Severe or persistent sore throat accompanied by high fever, headache. nausea, and vomiting may be serious. Consult doctor promptly. Do not use more than 2 days or administer to children under 3 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

#### Do not use

- If the child has ever had an allergic reaction to any other pain reliever/fever reducer and/or nasal
- right before or after heart surgery
- In a child who is taking a prescription monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI), certain drugs for depression, psychiatric or emotional conditions, or Parkinson's disease, or for 2 weeks after stopping the MAOI drug. If you do not know if your child's prescription drug contains an MAOI, ask a doctor or pharmacist before giving this product.

#### Ask a doctor before use if the child has

- problems or serious side effects from taking pain rellevers, fever reducers, or nasal decongestants
- stomach problems that last or come back, such as heartburn, upset stomach, or stomach pain
- ulcers
- bleeding problems
- not been drinking fluids
- lost a lot of fluid due to vomiting or diarrhea
- high blood pressure
- heart or kidney disease
- taken a diuretic

### Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if the

- taking any other drug containing an NSAID (prescription or nonprescription)
- taking a blood thinning (anticoagulant) or steroid
- under a doctor's care for any continuing medical
- taking any other drug

### Drug Facts (continued)

### When using this product

 take with food or milk if stomach upset occurs long term continuous use may increase the risk of heart attack or stroke

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if

- an aliergic reaction occurs. Seek medical help
- the child does not get any relief during the first day (24 hours) of treatment
- fever, pain, or nasal congestion gets worse or lasts for more than 3 days
- stomach pain or upset gets worse or lasts
- symptoms continue or get worse
- redness or swelling is present in the painful area
- the child gets nervous, dizzy, or sleepless
- any new symptoms appear

Keep out of reach of children. In case of overdose, get medical help or contact a Polson Control Center right away.



#### Other information

- do not use if printed neckband is broken or
- store at 15-30°C (59-86°F)
- see bottom of box for lot number and expiration

#### Inactive ingredients acesulfame potassium, citric acid, corn syrup, D&C red #33, FDA&C blue

#1, FD&C red #40, flavors, glycerin, hypromeliose, polysorbate 80, purified water, sodium benzoate. xanthan gum

Questions? 1-800-123-4567 http://ChildrensFeelBetter.com

## What else do you want to know about your medicine?

How to use the medicine

## Directions



- How much medicine to use
- How often to use it
- How long you can use it



How should you measure your dose of medicine?

# Measuring Tools for Medicines



# Other information and Inactive ingredients

A f e 2 c k

- Other information -
  - How to keep your medicine when you are not using it.
- Inactive ingredients used to:
  - Form a pill
  - Add flavor or color
  - Make a tablet or film dissolve quickly on your tongue
  - Help a medicine last longer on the shelf





## Questions or Comments

Where to find a telephone number or website to:

- ask questions about the medicine
- report an unexpected reaction to the medicine



# Be Safe!!



Use your OTC medicines wisely

# Take Home Messages

- Speak with a parent or adult before using any medicine.
- Read the label carefully.
  - The information you need to use your OTC medicine safely and correctly is in the Drug Facts Label.
- OTC medicines are serious medicines.
  - Be smart about what you put into your body it's the only body you have.



We hope you will share this information with your family.

Thank you.



# Additional Resource Slides



